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APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/661,519		09/15/2003	Henry Behmann	4320-516	7835
1059	7590	06/08/2005		EXAMINER	
BERESK	IN AND	PARR	FORTUNA, ANA M		
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BOX 401				, ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TORONTO, ON M5H 3Y2				1723	·
CANADA				DATE MAILED: 06/08/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summany	10/661,519	BEHMANN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	-
	Ana M. Fortuna	1723	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wil	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be a served patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- reply within the statutory minimum of thirty iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON- atute, cause the application to become AB	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. (THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15	5 Sentember 2003		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice unde	·	• •	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-12 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are witho 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 and 3-12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyand rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line	ents have been received. ents have been received in Appropriate the property documents have been been (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/21/05.	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

Application/Control Number: 10/661,519 Page 2

Art Unit: 1723

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

- 1. Claims 1, 3-4 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of U.S. Patent No. RE37, 449 E. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the limitations of the present claims are overlapped by the limitations in the claims of the patent ('549). The fibers and fibers properties, the permeate collection pan, the headers and the conduits discharge in the permeate art all covered by claim 1 of the patent.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 4 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of U.S. Patent No. 5,639,373. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the hollow fiber of the patent inherently possesses the submersible property. The claims in the present invention are directed to a membrane filtration device, the claims in the patent are limited to microfiltration membranes, both devices have the same structure and are capable of removing permeate from a substrate, in order to remove permeate the fibers need to be partly or totally immersed in the substrate, however in this apparatus claims, both hollow fiber assembly are capable of being immersed in the substrate in order to perform the filtration operation.
- 3. Claims 6-7, and 12 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of U.S. Patent No. RE 37549 E ('549), and further in view of JP 08-281082(hereinafter '082).

Application/Control Number: 10/661,519 Page 3

Art Unit: 1723

Reference '549 is discussed above. Reference '082 teaches backwashing immersed membranes and providing a tank for collecting permeate and cleaning the membrane with water by directing the water back to the permeate flow path (abstract and fig.) It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of '549 by collecting the permeate and backwashing the membrane with a portion of the collected permeate as suggested in '082). Adapting a system with a pressurized container capable of directing permeate back to the membranes, or applying a head of water or positive pressure to direct the water back to the permeate side of the membrane, for cleaning or dislodging the solids attached to the outside of the membrane as it would have been obvious to one skilled in the are at the time the invention was made.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the limitations of the claims above are overlapped by the limitations in the claims of the patent except for the backwashing with water or permeate, which is suggested by JP '082, and known at the time the invention was made.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Art Unit: 1723

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Page 4

5. Claims 1, 3-5, 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Carlos E. Rodriguez (RE37,549E)(hereinafter '549). All the limitations of the present invention are covered in the disclosure of '549, see claims and Figures 6, 9, elements 43 b, 12, 112, 45 u, and fig. 10, elements 51, 46 u).

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

- 7. The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application.

 Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in

Art Unit: 1723

the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 1, 3-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cote et al (5,248,424)(hereinafter '424) in view of Kopp et al (5,643,455)(hereinafter '455). Cote ('424) discloses a hollow fiber membrane module the fibers adapted to be immersed in a tank, all the fibers properties, including length, surface area are disclosed in '424 (column 10, lines 15-68, , though column 11, lines 1-5, column 12, lines 38-61, column 13, lines 29-31). The solid body or headers are also disclosed (column 16, lines 53-66), the permeate pan is disclosed (column 18, third paragraph), a gas distribution system and conduits for withdrawing permeate are disclosed in '424 (column 20, lines 16-27, and line 68 through column 21, lines1-2). Positioning the membrane module with the headers in a vertically space apart relationship is also disclosed (column 28, lines 49-53). Reference '424 fails to disclose the distance of the headers with respect to the length of the fibers. Reference '424, however, suggests selecting the fibers with longer distance than the distance separating the headers in which the end terminal portion of the fibers is potted (column 10, lines 43-46). It would a have been obvious to

Art Unit: 1723

one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to increase the length of the fibers to a suitable length depending on whether an actuate or an straight vertical configuration of the fibers is desire for the final module or skein of fibers as suggested in '424. By selecting short length fibers and providing only 0.1 percent of additional length as compared to the distance between headers, a substantially vertical or straight fibers arrangement can be obtained in the skein. Additionally, there is not limitation on the arrangement of the skein, e.g. vertical arrangement in the tank or reservoir is also suggested.

Page 6

10. Regarding claims 6, 7, and 12, Reference '424 recognizes and discloses cleaning hollow fiber membranes, immersed, by backwashing with permeate (column 8, lines 28-44).

Reference to Kopp ('455) is cumulative as showing vertically immersed hollow fiber membrane module, the header or potting material and the permeate pan, permeate collection system (abstract, Fig. 14).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ana M. Fortuna whose telephone number is (571) 272-1141. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda L. Walker can be reached on (571) 272-1151. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/661,519

Art Unit: 1723

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ana M Fortuna
Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1723

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